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Building healthy communities



# YMCA PROTECTING CHILDREN AND VULNERABLE PERSONS POLICY

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION			
2.	POLICY STATEMENT			
3.	TERMINOLOGY			
4.	ROLE	S AND RESPONSIBILITIES	6	
	4.1	BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND MANAGEMENT	6	
	4.2	MANAGERS AND SUPERVISORS	6	
	4.3	STAFF AND VOLUNTEERS	7	
5.	CODE	OF CONDUCT FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN AND VULNERABLE PERSONS	7	
	5.1	GOOD PRACTICE WHEN INTERACTINGWITH CHILDREN	7	
	5.2	GOOD PRACTICE WHEN INTERACTING WITH VULNERABLE PERSONS	7	
	5.3	PRACTICE TO BE AVOIDED OR NEVER SANCTIONED	8	
6.	DUTY	TO REPORT PROCEDURE FOR SUSPECTED CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT	8	
7.	REPO	RTING SUSPECTED ABUSE OF A VULNERABLE PERSON	9	
8.	RECR	UITING, SCREENING AND TRAINING STAFF AND VOLUNTEERS	9	
9.		AGING AN ALLEGATION, COMPLAINT OF ABUSE AGAINST THE YMCA		
		REPORTING AN ALLEGATION OF ABUSE		
	9.2	INFORMATION MANAGEMENT	11	
	9.3	INSURANCE	11	
	9.4	CRISIS COMMUNICATIONS	12	
10.	STRA	TEGIES TO ENHANCE YMCA COMMITMENT	12	
	10.1	TRAINING AND EDUCATION	12	
	10.2	MONITORING		
	10.3	ONGOING RELEVANCY		
11.	CONT	FACTS AND OTHER RESOURCES	13	

APPENDIX A: CHILD PROTECTION AGENCIES CONTACT INFORMATION	14
APPENDIX B: DUTY TO REPORT SUSPECTED ABUSE PROCEDURE	15
APPENDIX C: YMCA SUSPECTED CHILD ABUSE REPORT FORM – SAMPLE	
APPENDIX D: RESPONDING TO AN ALLEGATION OF ABUSE AGAINST THE YMCA	
APPENDIX E: YMCA POLICY AND PROCEDURES ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	
APPENDIX F: YMCA EMPLOYMENT APPLICATION FORM	
APPENDIX G: YMCA VOLUNTEER APPLICATION FORM	



### YMCA PROTECTING CHILDREN AND VULNERABLE PERSONS POLICY

# **1** INTRODUCTION

The YMCA of Newfoundland and Labrador is fully committed to safeguarding the welfare of all children in its care and vulnerable persons accessing YMCA programs and services. We all share a responsibility to protect children and vulnerable persons from harm. The YMCA recognizes its responsibility to promote safe environments and practices and to protect children and vulnerable persons from abuse and exploitation.

Throughout this policy and procedures, reference is made to "child" or "children" and "vulnerable person(s) or adults". Refer to Terminology below for definitions for these terms.

### 2. POLICY STATEMENT

The YMCA of Newfoundland and Labrador recognizes its responsibility to promote safe practices and to protect children and vulnerable persons from abuse and exploitation.

The YMCA will immediately refer any concerns that a child might be abused or at risk of harm to the appropriate child protection authority, The Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development, RNC or RCMP Official.

[If provincial legislation exists for the protection of vulnerable persons or adults then the following statement may be inserted... "The YMCA will refer any concerns of suspected abuse involving a vulnerable person to the appropriate adult protection authority (insert provincial agency)."]

To fulfill the above policy statement, the YMCA is committed to:

- providing safe environments for children and vulnerable persons;
- identifying any child who is suffering, or likely to suffer harm;
- reviewing and evaluating implementation of this policy regularly for effectiveness.

The YMCA Protection of Children and Vulnerable Persons Policy applies to all YMCA staff and volunteers.

### 3. TERMINOLOGY

The following terms are used in this policy:

**Child** or **young person** under provincial child protection legislation is someone who is under 16 years of age.

**Child Abuse** can be of a physical, emotional or sexual nature, or neglect. It may consist of just one incident or it may happen repeatedly. Vulnerable persons also may be at risk of abuse or neglect. See *Vulnerable Persons* - *Types of Abuse* below for more information.

A **child** can be subjected to more than one form of abuse:

• *Physical abuse* could result from a parent or person in charge causing physical injury to a child, or failing to adequately supervise a child or from a pattern of neglect of the child.

**Examples of physical abuse** include beating, slapping, hitting, pushing, throwing, shaking, burning. **A child who is physically abused** may have burns, bite marks, cuts, bruises, or welts in the shape of an object; not want to go home; be afraid of adults; wear inappropriate clothing (e.g. long sleeves on a very hot day).

• **Sexual abuse** happens when a parent or other person in charge sexually molests or uses a child for sexual purposes or knowingly fails to protect a child from sexual abuse.

**Examples of sexual abuse** include any sexual act between an adult and a child, including intercourse; fondling; exposing a child to adult sexual activity; sexual exploitation through child prostitution or child pornography. **A child who is sexually abused** may have an inappropriate knowledge of sexual acts; be very compliant or extremely aggressive; be afraid of a certain person or a family member; have difficulty walking or sitting.

• *Emotional abuse* occurs when a parent or other person in charge harms a child's sense of self. It includes acts or omissions that result in, or place a child at risk of serious behavioural, cognitive, emotional or mental health problems.

**Examples of emotional abuse** include yelling at, screaming at, threatening, frightening, or bullying a child; humiliating the child, name-calling, making negative comparisons to others; showing little to no physical affection (such as hugs) or words of affection or praise; saying that everything is the child's fault; withdrawing attention, giving the child the 'cold shoulder'; confining a child in a closet or a dark room, or tying the child to a chair for long periods of time; or exposing a child to domestic violence, allowing the child to be present during violent behaviour of others, including the physical abuse of others. Some level of emotional abuse is present in all forms of abuse. A child who is emotionally abused may show signs of serious anxiety, depression or withdrawal; show self-destructive or aggressive behavior; show delays in physical, emotional or mental development.

• *Neglect* happens when a child's parent or other person in charge fails to provide for basic needs.

**Examples of neglect** include failing to provide proper food, clothing suitable for the weather, supervision, a home that is clean and safe, medical care as needed; failing to provide emotional support, love and affection. A child who is neglected may not wear clothing that's suitable for the weather; be dirty or unbathed; be very hungry; or not be properly supervised.

Any of the above signs of child abuse noticed by a staff or volunteer must be reported immediately to a child protection authority. See **Appendix A** for child protection authority contact information.

**Duty of Care** is a legal principle that identifies the obligations of individuals and organizations to take reasonable measures to care for and protect their participants.

**Duty to Report** is defined under [insert relevant section of provincial legislation] that sets out what must be reported to a child protection authority or agency. A report must be made immediately if a child is or

appears to be suffering from abuse or is at *risk of harm*. **Duty to report** applies to the public, and includes special reporting responsibilities for professionals whose work involves children.

- **Child in need of protection** is defined under the Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development *as a child who is or who appears to be suffering from abuse, neglect or risk of harm.* Anyone who has *reasonable grounds* to suspect that a child is or may be in need of protection must promptly report the suspicion to a child protection authority (e.g. Children's Aid Society CAS). Refer to Section 6 for Duty to Report procedures.
- *Risk of harm* is the risk that a child is likely to be physically, sexually or emotionally abused or neglected.
- **Reasonable grounds** refer to the information that an average person, using normal and honest judgment, would need in order to decide to report. It is not the person's responsibility to prove or have proof of abuse; investigation is the role of child protection authorities.

Refer to section 6 for more information on 'duty to report' suspected child abuse.

**Police records check (PRC)** is a search of the records held in the information database of a police agency. It may include a check of national or local and regional police records. Basic types include a Police Criminal Record Check or Police Information Check or Police Vulnerable Sector Check. At the end of the process, a report is issued.

**Position of Trust** or authority is created when an individual's relationship with someone else has any of the following characteristics: decision-making power; unsupervised access; closeness inherent in the relationship; personal nature of the activity itself.

Staff means salaried, regular, hourly, seasonal, contract and casual staff.

**Volunteers** include program volunteers, policy (Board/Board Committees/Regional Council) volunteers, philanthropy/fundraising volunteers and student placements. Occasional and special event volunteers are defined as volunteers i) who have limited interaction and are not left alone with children; and ii) whose involvement with the YMCA is limited in duration and frequency and are not left alone with children. [NOTE: For volunteers, each YMCA Association/CEO shall determine whether or not a Police Check is required and the type of Police Check based on the volunteer position or category (e.g. program volunteer, policy/Board or Board Committee, fundraising, or special events volunteer). At a minimum, vulnerable sector screening shall be completed for all volunteers/volunteer positions having regular contact with children or vulnerable persons.

**Vulnerable person** for the purposes of this policy and reporting means a young person 16 or 17 years of age, or an adult at risk. An **adult at risk** is a person aged 18 or over who is, or may be unable to protect themselves from abuse. The vulnerability of an adult is related to how able the adult is to make and exercise their own informed choices free from duress, pressure or undue influence of any sort, and to protect themselves from abuse. Refer to section 7 for examples. **[NOTE:** Each YMCA Association will need to verify applicable age of majority for their province, and modify age references accordingly.]

Vulnerable persons may be at risk of one or more **types of abuse** including physical abuse or neglect (defined above), or emotional abuse, sexual abuse and financial abuse or exploitation.

• *Emotional abuse* of a vulnerable person is any act which may lessen the sense of identity, dignity or self-worth of a person, such as: confinement; physical and social isolation; verbal assault, harassment, humiliation, or intimidation; denial of information, privacy, visitors; coercion.

- Sexual abuse of a vulnerable person is any act involving unwanted touching/activity of a sexual nature, or a situation in which an adult consents or submits to sexual activity because a person in a position of trust or with authority has used that trust/authority to gain that consent. Such acts include: sexual assault, sexual harassment, any act designed to use the vulnerable person for the perpetrator's sexual gratification.
- *Financial abuse or exploitation* is any act involving the misuse or abuse of funds or assets belonging to a vulnerable person. Examples include obtaining property and funds without the person's knowledge or consent, or by using undue influence; or where a person is not mentally competent, or not acting in the person's best interest.

Alleged, suspected or witnessed abuse of a vulnerable person may constitute a criminal offence and the police should be informed. See section 7 for more information. [NOTE: Where provincial legislation exists, any concern involving suspected abuse of a vulnerable person shall also be reported to the appropriate provincial adult protection agency.]

# 4. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The YMCA of Newfoundland and Labrador is committed to promoting safe practices to protect children and vulnerable persons from harm or abuse. While primary responsibility for the protection of children and vulnerable persons from abuse rests with Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development, all YMCA staff and volunteers who come into contact with children and vulnerable persons have a duty to help protect them from abuse or risk of abuse.

The responsibility for managing this policy lies with YMCA management. The YMCA shall appoint a designated person(s) who will have responsibility for the implementation of the child protection policy and procedures in their association. The CEO will ensure the designated person(s) has necessary resources and support within their official responsibilities to carry out their responsibility for child protection.

- **4.1 YMCA Board of Directors and Management** team is responsible for protecting children and vulnerable persons by:
  - Providing oversight of a protection framework that includes establishing policies and procedures, and monitoring;
  - Establishing a reporting protocol that complies with provincial child protection legislation;
  - Establishing recruitment and screening including police records check procedures;
  - Ensuring systems are in place for regular review, reporting and evaluation of effectiveness of child and vulnerable persons protection initiatives;
  - Appointing a member of YMCA management team (Provincial General Manager of Child Care and Day Camp and Child Protection Lead Lori Evans) having special responsibility for advancing the objectives of this Policy and child (and where applicable, adult) protection legislation.
- **4.2 YMCA Managers and Supervisors** have additional responsibilities for maintaining safe environments in all facilities and program areas by:
  - Ensuring that all staff and volunteers have read, understand and signed *the Protection of Children and Vulnerable Persons Policy Acknowledgement* (**Appendix E**) or master policy sign off form.

- Ensuring that staff and volunteers receive training and ensure re-fresher training in protecting children and vulnerable persons is provided annually;
- Arranging advanced training for staff and volunteers working directly with children;
- Ensuring recruitment, screening including police check/recheck procedures are implemented;
- Ensuring programs are developmentally appropriate and well planned in advance;
- Maintaining physical security and other safeguards to protect children accessing YMCA programs;
- Responding promptly to any complaints, reports or allegations against staff or volunteers.

4.3 YMCA Staff and Volunteers are expected to abide by this Policy that includes:

- Following the Code of Conduct (section 5) for the protection of children and vulnerable persons;
- Participating in mandatory and re-fresher training in protecting children and duty to report;
- Producing acceptable police records/re-check clearance letters;
- Reporting immediately any suspicion of abuse to the appropriate protection agency;
- Notifying their supervisor or staff contact that a report has been made to a child protection authority;
- Contacting police services if a staff or volunteer suspects that a vulnerable person's safety is at risk;
- Helping to maintain a safe environment for the protection of children and vulnerable persons.

# 5. CODE OF CONDUCT FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN AND VULNERABLE PERSONS

In the course of staff or volunteer work at the YMCA, even if not working directly with children, there are times when staff or volunteers will encounter and interact with children and vulnerable persons or adults. The YMCA is committed to treating everyone with respect and dignity, and to helping children grow and develop to their full potential in a safe and caring environment.

Staff and volunteers are required to follow the Code of Conduct that describes good practices and includes practices to be avoided or never sanctioned. The practices outlined below clarify what is and is not acceptable behaviour when working with children and vulnerable persons. By defining what is and is not acceptable behaviour, good practice can be promoted, and the potential for abuse or allegations of abuse minimized.

#### 5.1 Good Practice when interacting with children:

- Treat all children with respect, dignity and fairness.
- Make requests in clear terms geared to the child's level. Offer choices if you can.
- Give encouragement, in words or as a smile.
- Ensure the number of adult staff is appropriate to safely conduct and supervise program activity.
- Involve parents whenever possible and reasonable.
- Ensure that a child is not left alone. Contact the parent or guardian if a child is or appears to be under 10 years old and is without adult supervision.

#### 5.2 Good Practice when interacting with vulnerable persons:

- Treat all people with respect, dignity and fairness.
- Give full consideration to the needs, interests and wishes of vulnerable persons.
- Presume mental capacity and participation in decision-making.
- Respect the privacy of persons.

#### 5.3 Practice to be Avoided or Never Sanctioned/Prohibited:

- When working with a child, avoid being alone or in private or unobserved situations
- Avoid having 'favorites' when working with children. This could lead to resentment and jealousy by other children and could be misinterpreted by others.
- Do not use your size or authority to intimidate.
- Do not make comments of an improper nature.
- Never verbally or emotionally abuse a child or vulnerable person.
- Never physically harm or engage in suggestive touching of a child or vulnerable person.
- Never exploit financially or in any other way a child or vulnerable person.
- Do not interact or relate to children or vulnerable persons outside of YMCA program activity (e.g. avoid weekend visits or babysitting or calling or online chatting, etc.)
- Never invite or allow a child or vulnerable person to visit or stay with you at your home.

Any reports involving breach of the above Code of Conduct is taken seriously and will be dealt with by management. Individuals who violate the Code of Conduct and this Policy are subject to disciplinary or corrective action up to and including termination of employment or volunteer assignment.

# 6. DUTY TO REPORT PROCEDURE FOR SUSPECTED CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

In the event that a child discloses or there are grounds to suspect child abuse, the YMCA will take prompt and immediate action. The YMCA is mandated by provincial law to report any suspected cases of child abuse or neglect to the appropriate authorities for investigation.

### **General Procedure:**

- a) Staff and volunteers of the YMCA will take allegations of abuse seriously.
- b) The YMCA will ensure that staff and volunteers working with children and vulnerable persons are familiar with their duty to report and the procedure for reporting suspected abuse or neglect of a child.
- *c)* YMCA staff and volunteers shall follow duty to report suspected abuse procedures. Refer to **Appendix B** [an example of duty to report procedures from a YMCA has been provided].
- d) The first priority will be to ensure that no child is exposed to unnecessary risk by taking measures as advised by the Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development. Refer to **Appendix A** for child protection agency contact information.
- e) In the event the reported incident involves an allegation against a staff or volunteer, the procedure for responding to an allegation against the YMCA will be followed. See section 9 below for more information. Refer also to **Appendix D** [an example of response to an allegation procedure from a YMCA has been provided].
- *f)* A report will be completed in accordance with relevant provincial child protection reporting requirements, and the Association will cooperate with any legal authority involved. Refer to **Appendix D** [a sample form to report suspected abuse has been provided].
- g) All information related to a disclosure or allegation of abuse will be treated confidentially. Documentation regarding a report to a child protection authority must not be circulated internally nor given to anyone, unless a warrant or subpoena is provided. Appendix F includes documentation guidelines [example from a YMCA has been provided].

### 7. REPORTING SUSPECTED ABUSE OF A VULNERABLE PERSON

Anyone who has a reduced capacity to look after their own interests, needs and well-being can be at risk of abuse. For example, an adult with a physical disability or mental health or developmental or intellectual disability, as well as some seniors may be at risk of abuse, neglect or exploitation. Refer to section 3 (terminology) for more information about vulnerable persons and types of abuse. Staff wishing to learn more about persons living with a disability can speak with their supervisor or manager.

As all adults are presumed to have mental capacity to make informed choices about their own safety and how they live their lives, all interventions in respect of vulnerable persons need to take into account their ability to make informed choices about the way they want to live and the risks they want to take.

Alleged, suspected or witnessed abuse of a vulnerable person may constitute a criminal offence and the police should be informed. If a staff or volunteer suspects that a vulnerable person's safety is at risk or in immediate danger, contact the local police services (see contact information in Appendix A), or dial 911 immediately. The police have the ability to check on the person's wellbeing.

Staff shall use the YMCA Incident Report form to record brief information, indicating the vulnerable person's name, the date the call was made to police services (or provincial adult protection agency if applicable), and program location. In the description, record 'call made to the police regarding suspected abuse of a vulnerable person', then sign and date the incident report form. Forward a copy of the incident report to your program manager (and to Association support services or risk management if applicable) in keeping with YMCA incident reporting procedures.

# 8. RECRUITING, SCREENING AND TRAINING STAFF AND VOLUNTEERS

The YMCA offers a range of programs to a variety of age groups including children and vulnerable persons.

Proper screening of potential employees and volunteers is essential for matching people and YMCA roles or positions, for ensuring the quality of YMCA programs, for maintaining safe YMCA environments, and for reducing or eliminating the risk of harm to children and vulnerable persons.

The YMCA maintains comprehensive, clearly communicated recruitment and screening processes that are consistently applied across the Association. A documented recruitment and selection process is in keeping with regulatory requirements relevant to screening including Employment Standards and Eligibility to Work in Canada, Child Protection, Human Rights, Information and Privacy, Youth Criminal Justice, and other legislated requirements.

The following general procedures shall apply when recruiting and screening potential YMCA staff and volunteers. Refer also to YMCA Employment Practices, Human Resources and Volunteer Management procedures for more information.

- a) All forms of advertising used to recruit and select staff and volunteers will include a statement that YMCA offers of employment (or volunteer assignment) are contingent upon the successful completion of a police records check.
- b) All applicants will be required to complete an application form
- c) To obtain relevant details for the position including prior work experience with children or vulnerable persons.

- d) Formal interviews in person, virtually (through TEAMS or ZOOM) or by telephone are conducted, with questions designed to determine suitability for working with children or vulnerable persons for all positions of trust.
- e) A minimum of three professional reference checks will be completed before a staff or volunteer position is offered. Reference checks are conducted to reveal more about the candidate's patterns of job performance, to predict success on the job or volunteer assignment, and to verify the accuracy of the information provided by the candidate through their application and interview responses. If a young candidate with little or no prior work experience, professional/personal references may include coaches, teachers, leadership facilitators, etc. References contacted should be asked to confirm the nature of their relationship to the candidate to indicate they meet the YMCA reference check requirement.
- f) Potential employees and volunteers will be offered positions conditional upon the production of a satisfactory police records check (*PRC/Vulnerable Sectors Check*), and acceptance of YMCA employment obligations including adhering to YMCA policies that include child protection and duty to report requirements.
- g) An acceptable police records check (PRC) is obtained for all staff and volunteers before starting training or first day of work. Police records checks will need to updated every 3 years prior to expiry. Supervisors shall refer to any additional screening procedures established by the Association.
- h) Vulnerable sector screening (and where available, Child Abuse Registry Check) will be completed at a minimum for all staff and volunteers having regular contact with children and vulnerable persons.
- i) When a participant has not received a copy of their COC/VSC prior to their start date, a declaration/exemption may be put in place. This is closely monitored by the person's supervisor and a senior management team to ensure all listed components of the exemption are met. Appendix G Below is an outline of the requirements for an exemption:

"Additional screening procedures must be established by Member Associations to support the management of obtaining acceptable police record checks for all staff and volunteers. Additional screening procedures may include the use of a signed declaration on an exceptional basis at minimum, the following conditions to be met:

- i. Signed declaration must have an expiry date that is reasonable and accommodates delays in processing by local authorities; and the signed declaration may be extended if approved by the designated lead YMCA Child Safety and Protection National Standard Requirements
- ii. Tracking system is in place to ensure declarations do not expire without the completion of required police records checks
- iii. Monitoring system of active supervision is in place so employees who do not have a completed police records check are never left alone with children
- iv. iv. Volunteers may never start without a completed police record check"
- j) Supervisors and managers follow a documented process when addressing situations where a positive record has been identified.
- k) During orientation, new staff and volunteers will be made aware of policies regarding the protection of children and vulnerable persons and duty to report suspected abuse, and YMCA code of conduct/behavior expectations. All staff and volunteers shall complete a Policy sign-off form (see Appendix E).
- I) Supervisors shall ensure that mandatory training on child protection is completed within the first week(s) or month(s) of employment or volunteer assignment. Re-fresher training will also be completed annually.
- m) All employee and volunteer records (including training records) will be maintained in keeping with information and records management processes, which will include appropriate safeguards to protect highly sensitive, personal information such as police records checks and references.
- n) An ongoing police records re-check process for existing staff is implemented and followed consistently across the Association. Supervisors and managers shall follow police records check screening and re-checking procedures established by the YMCA for all staff and volunteers.

#### 9. MANAGING AN ALLEGATION, COMPLAINT OR CLAIM OF ABUSE AGAINST THE YMCA

In the event of an allegation, complaint or claim of abuse against a staff or volunteer of the YMCA, the following procedures shall apply.

#### 9.1 Reporting an Allegation of Abuse to a Protection Authority

- a) If a staff or volunteer suspects or receives an allegation or complaint of abuse about another YMCA staff, volunteer or student placement, he/she will follow the procedure for reporting an allegation or suspicion of abuse to the appropriate child protection authority. Refer to **Appendix D** for an example from a YMCA of procedures for responding to allegations of abuse against the YMCA.
- b) As soon as a call has been made to a child protection authority, the staff or volunteer will promptly notify their manager that a call has been made involving a suspicion of abuse against a YMCA staff or volunteer. The manager shall immediately notify the senior lead responsible for child protection who will inform appropriate management team members in keeping with the YMCA's escalation protocol. Management will ensure any additional child safety concerns, human resources, insurance (see 9.3 below), and other mandatory reporting requirements are addressed, and that the appropriate follow up steps are implemented once child protection authorities have completed their investigation, in keeping with established YMCA procedures.
- c) In the event of an allegation of abuse of a vulnerable person against a staff, volunteer or student placement, a manager shall be notified immediately by the staff or volunteer suspecting or receiving an allegation of abuse, and the senior manager shall immediately inform management for appropriate handling and response. If the vulnerable person's safety is at risk or in immediate danger, staff shall call the police as outlined in section 7 above.

### 9.2 Information Management

- a) Staff and volunteers will follow the documentation and information handling procedures required under relevant child protection legislation.
- b) A report will be completed in accordance with relevant provincial child protection reporting requirements, and the YMCA will cooperate to the extent of the law with any legal authority involved. Refer to Appendix C for a sample report form.
- c) All information related to disclosure or an allegation of abuse will be treated confidentially. Documentation regarding a report to a child protection authority must not be circulated internally nor given to anyone, unless a warrant or subpoena is provided. See section 5 of **Appendix F** that captures documentation guidelines from a YMCA.
- d) All records related to the allegation or complaint will be retained indefinitely by the YMCA, or until such time as determined by the authorities.

### 9.3 Insurance

- a) Any allegation or complaint of abuse involving a YMCA staff or volunteer must be reported promptly to the insurer upon becoming aware of the allegation or complaint, in keeping with notice requirements under insurance policies. Providing the insurer with prompt notice protects the YMCA's ability to trigger abuse coverage under their insurance policies, in the event a legal demand or claim arises in the future.
- b) Liability insurance policies should be kept indefinitely by the YMCA, and stored in an accessible and secure location. Retention of insurance policies is important given the historical, long tail nature that characterizes abuse claims.

#### 9.4 Crisis Communications

The YMCA shall follow its escalation protocols as part of its proactive emergency response and crisis communication procedures that ensure the following:

- a) Senior managers responsible for responding to escalated or critical incidents understand their role in managing major or crisis events.
- b) Supervisors and staff have easy access to escalation and crisis management policies or protocols.
- c) Orientation includes review of protocols so that new staff and volunteers understand their role in an emergency or crisis situation.
- d) Associations promptly notify YMCA Canada of incidents involving serious injury or death or escalated situations with (potential) media attention.
- e) Organizational learning is incorporated following recovery from an escalated or crisis situation, facilitated by a designated senior lead who also reviews at least annually the effectiveness of the YMCA's escalation and crisis management protocols, for any needed enhancements.

#### 10. STRATEGIES TO ENHANCE YMCA COMMITMENT TO PROTECTING CHILDREN AND VULNERABLE PERSONS

The YMCA is committed to an ongoing strategy for the protection of children and vulnerable persons and maintaining safe environments, which includes:

- providing training and education that ensures staff and volunteers know their responsibilities and duty to report;
- monitoring YMCA's effectiveness in its commitment to protecting children and vulnerable persons;
- providing mechanisms for feedback and appropriate response to complaints or disclosures.

**10.1 Training and education** increases knowledge and awareness of individual and organizational roles in protecting children and vulnerable persons, and ensures the effectiveness of this Policy. Through education and training that includes new staff orientation, mandatory and annual re-fresher training with sign-off requirements, the YMCA fosters awareness among staff and volunteers of their responsibility 'to act' if abuse is suspected.

**10.2 Monitoring:** The YMCA has implemented a formal monitoring system that includes self-assessments, peer and third party assessments of compliance with policies and procedures for the protection of children and vulnerable persons. Assessments are completed at least annually to identify where further enhancements may be needed to maintain the safety of YMCA program environments.

In addition, managers shall monitor programs regularly to identify any potential barriers and strategies for maintaining safe YMCA environments. Strategies include:

- fostering a culture of safety through safeguards including policies, training, education;
- providing children and vulnerable persons with support and guidance on what to do, and who to contact if feeling uncomfortable or afraid at any time;
- adhering to established employment practices, human resources and volunteer management procedures for recruitment, screening, supervising and training staff and volunteers;
- conducting program area checks including regular building sweeps/tours to monitor bathrooms, locker rooms and any isolated areas;

• maintaining building security through use of central point(s) of entry, sign in/out procedures, restricted access to child care or child minding areas, doors are locked that should be locked, etc.

**10.3 Ongoing relevancy:** The YMCA through its appointed child protection lead or designate shall review this policy annually to ensure effectiveness and ongoing relevancy given also changing laws and public expectations.

Maintaining safe environments is a team approach. Supervisors and staff can speak with their program or facility manager, their senior manager, or contact the Association lead for child protection for more information.

The YMCA of Newfoundland and Labrador shall continue to instill a culture of shared accountability and responsibility across the Association for the protection of children and vulnerable persons.

### **11. CONTACTS AND OTHER RESOURCES**

For more information about this policy, staff may speak with their Child Protection Lead for the Association –Lori Evans.



# APPENDIX A: CHILD PROTECTION AGENCIES CONTACT INFORMATION

Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development (CSSD) Main Line: (709) 729-4775 or 729-4552

Intake Officer: (709) 729-4612

### APPENDIX B DUTY TO REPORT SUSPECTED ABUSE PROCEDURE

In the event that a child or someone discloses, or a staff, volunteer or student placement suspects child abuse, the procedures outlined below must be followed. Supervisors shall ensure that staff, program volunteers and student placements are aware of their duty to report suspected child abuse to The Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development.

### 1. If you (supervisor, staff, volunteer, student placement) suspect child abuse:

- You are required to make the call immediately to a child protection agency (The Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development.
- You are not to ask anyone for help in making the decision; you must call.
- You may inform your supervisor or manager of the intention to call CSSD, if you need their support to ensure that you have the privacy and staff coverage required to immediately make the call. You may name the child, but no details of the suspicion or disclosure should be discussed with your supervisor or manager.
- If your supervisor or manager is not available, you must proceed with the report to CSSD.
- Once you have made the call, notify your onsite or senior manager who will notify Olga Sullivan, General Manager, Children's Services, 1-709-691-9792 that a call has been made to a child protection agency.
- If the child is talking with you, listen to them but please do not ask questions.
- Make the child feel comfortable.
- It is not the staff's responsibility to investigate the incident.
- Please document the incident with a reporting form.
- All documents must be factually clear not your own feelings or thoughts.

### 2. Seeking Medical Attention:

If the child has sustained injuries, seek immediate medical attention.

If injury is suspected to have been caused by child abuse or family violence, **do not** inform the parent of the intention to seek medical care for the child until you have spoken with a child protection worker and have been given clear direction to do so.

If you think the child is in immediate danger, **call the Police**. Immediately after calling the police, contact The Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development.

### 3. Avoid Discussing with a Parent or Guardian

A staff, volunteer or student placement who suspects abuse or family violence is **not** to disclose their suspicion or intention to call a child protection worker with the parent and/or guardian. Disclosing with the parent or guardian could jeopardize the child or contaminate the investigation. Therefore, **do not** talk with the parent or guardian unless you have been directed to do so by a child protection worker.

After consulting with the Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development and if given permission by the Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development official to notify the parent and/or guardian, a supervisor or his/her designate will emphasize to the parent both the concern for the child and legal obligation to Report Suspicion of Abuse.

**Remember:** The Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development official will guide staff through this process if considered appropriate by The Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development to speak

with the parent or guardian. *Do not inform the parent or guardian on your own, without first consulting with* The Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development.

### 4. Making the Call:

If the child's cultural or religious affiliation is known, the report can be made directly to the child protection agency of that child's religious or cultural affiliation. If the child's religious or cultural affiliation is not known, the call should be made to The Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development for the municipality in which the program is located. See contact information for child protection authorities in *Appendix A*.

If reporting to the Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development *after* regular business hours, you will likely be required to leave a message, your name and phone number with an answering service. Indicate if your call is urgent. You will then need to wait to hear back from an after-hours protection worker.

\*\*Leaving a message is not considered a report. You must speak directly to a child protection agency worker. If you think the child is in immediate danger, do not wait to be called back – Phone the police.

### When placing a call to a child protection agency:

Provide your Full name, your position, our Association name and a number where they can reach you, along with the full details to the best of your knowledge of your suspicion(s). Ask for the name and phone number of the caseworker or manager you spoke with at the child protection agency.

If any further suspicion of abuse or new information with respect to a child occurs, then you must make another report to the child protection agency, regardless of any previous reports.

• **Remember:** The child protection agency provides support. You can call to "consult" for guidance and agency staff will support you through the process. The goal of the YMCA and a child protection agency is to protect all children whose safety must be considered first.

### Additional reporting for staff delivering programs to children or vulnerable persons:

Suspected or witnessed abuse at a child care centre is a **Serious Occurrence** reportable within 24 hours to the Ministry. YMCA child care staff shall refer to *YMCA Child and Family Development Procedures* for more information about Serious Occurrence reporting.

# 5. Documentation Guidelines

- a) Documentation must be legible and written by hand by the person who reported the suspected abuse do not type on a computer. Write with a ballpoint pen, not a marker or felt tip that might smudge or leak.
- b) Be factual, based on your observations. Do not include or document your personal thoughts about how it might have happened. Include direct observations and indicators to support your statements. You may include what someone else has told you, as long as it is relevant and you have recorded who told you the information.
- c) **Description Details** Use the Suspected Child Abuse Reporting Form (Appendix C). The child abuse reporting form outlines what you need to include when documenting suspected child abuse and your call to a child protection authority.

\*\*If a reporting form is unavailable or you are unable to access a child abuse reporting form at any time, it is very important that you still make a report by calling The Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development immediately. Then document the report by hand, using a blank sheet of paper and place the report in a sealed envelope per e) and f) below.

d) Do not make a rough copy and then re-write 'in good'. Your original document is required. If you make a mistake, don't use whiteout. Simply cross it out with a single line.

- e) Make sure documentation is complete. Sign and date the report. Place the report in a sealed envelope marked CONFIDENTIAL. Write the child's name on the front, and sign and date the envelope.
- *f)* Give the sealed envelope to the Child Protection Lead who will ensure the envelope is promptly delivered to the Risk Management Department for safeguarding (secure storage) and retention indefinitely.
- *g)* In addition to the original documentation, staff shall use the YMCA Incident Report form to record **very brief** information, indicating the child's name, the program location, and date the call was made to The Department for Children, Seniors, and Social Development. In the description, record *'call made to a child protection agency'*. If applicable, also record *'abuse allegation against a staff/volunteer*)' in the event of an allegation of abuse against a staff or volunteer. Then sign and date the incident report form. Forward a copy of the incident report to your program manager and to Risk Management in keeping with YMCA incident reporting procedures.

\*\*Documentation with respect to suspected child abuse is not to be released to anyone unless there is a warrant, subpoena or court order to submit records or attend court. Any request to release of records is to be forwarded to (senior lead for child protection) who will determine appropriate action in consultation with legal counsel as needed.

### 6. If a staff, student placement or volunteer is suspected of abuse

If a staff/student placement/volunteer suspects another staff/student/volunteer of abusing a child or children who participate in the program, he/she will inform their onsite manager or general manager of the intention to immediately call a child protection agency.

If it is a parent who is making the allegation against a staff/student/volunteer, staff shall inform the parent of his/her Duty to Report suspected child abuse to a child protection agency. The supervisor also has a responsibility to call the children protection agency. If the person suspected of abuse is the supervisor, the parent should make the call to a child protection agency.

A staff/student/volunteer making the allegation will complete required documentation as outlined in 5 above.

The person who is suspected of abusing a child will not be told by anyone about the suspicion, or the intention to report. Only under the direction and consultation with a child protection worker is the information to be disclosed by a manager with the alleged person.

The general manager will notify their CEO that a call has been placed to a child protection agency. The manager will notify the senior lead for child protection who will notify designated members of management of the allegation. Management will determine further action steps for appropriate handling and response.

### 7. Confidentiality

All information related to disclosure or an allegation of abuse will be treated confidentially to the extent possible.

# APPENDIX C YMCA SUSPECTED CHILD ABUSE REPORTING FORM - SAMPLE

CONFIDENTIAL			
Name of YM	Completed: ICA Facility/Division: Service Area:		
	ne:	□ Male □ Female Date of Birth: (month/day/y	
	ress:(street) ne Number:	(city/province)	(postal code)
Name of Pa	rent(s)/Guardian:		
Relationshi	p to Child:		
	(street)	(city/province)	(postal code)
Phone Num	ibers:(home)	(work)	
	(home)	(work)	
Reason for	this Report:		
	Suspicion of abuse Child disclosure		
	Allegation of abuse agains	st a YMCA staff/Volunteer	

Describe incident, situation, statement or behavioural and/or physical indications of abuse:

Area(s) on child's body showing indicators of abuse:					
Action the child protection social worker/licensing officer said will occur:					
Report made to:					
Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development					
□ Licensing Officer (for licensed child care only)					
Date and Time of call:					
Name of Intake Officer/Social Worker or police officer					
Staff Signature: Date:					

#### APPENDIX D

#### **RESPONDING TO AN ALLEGATION OR COMPLAINT OF ABUSE AGAINST THE YMCA**

It can be very distressing when a staff member is accused of abusing a child. A YMCA staff member who receives a disclosure of abuse against another staff member or suspects a colleague of abuse has a legal obligation to report to Child Youth and Family Services. Staff must follow the procedures outlined below if a report is made against a colleague.

In many cases, handling a guidance situation in an inappropriate manner can cause an allegation of abuse. Staff should be familiar with and adhere to the YMCA Child Guidance Policies. In general, an allegation against a staff member is usually made by a parent, a child or a colleague. In all cases, there is a legal obligation to report.

In the event that a parent makes an allegation against another staff member, the obligation to report also lies with the parent. The parent needs to be informed of their duty to report and be encouraged to make the report to the local Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development. The staff member who has been informed of the situation or observed the situation, has the legal duty to report as well even if the parent(s) report.

If an allegation is made against a staff member and there will be an investigation, the staff member will be suspended with or without pay during the course of the investigation.

#### **Reporting Procedures for Staff & Volunteers**

Staff must follow these procedures when an allegation or disclosure is made against another staff member or when the abuse by a staff member is witnessed:

- Treat the allegations seriously and confidentially.
- Report immediately to Direct Supervisor or Duty Manager any allegations of abuse against a staff member.
  - Direct Supervisor or Duty Manager will notify the General Manager, Children's Services of the allegation. The General Manager will notify the CEO.
- The staff member must complete the YMCA Child Abuse Reporting form and follow the reporting procedures. The form will be reviewed by General Manager, Children's Services to ensure that all required information is recorded.
- Staff are to keep information confidential and not to discuss the allegation with other staff, volunteers, parents, or participants. Any questions regarding the incident should be referred to the CEO or their designate.



As a staff member or volunteer of the YMCA of Newfoundland and Labrador:

- I have received the Child Protection Vulnerable Persons Policy and Procedures;
- I understand my legal duty to report under the Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development; and the YMCA of Newfoundland and Labrador.
- I understand my personal responsibility and the actions required by me.

Employee 🗌 or Volunteer 🗌	
Name:	(Please print)
Position: Department:	
Signature	Date: (Day/Month/Year)
Facilitator	Date: (Day/Month/Year)

#### APPENDIX F YMCA CHILD ABUSE DOCUMENTATION PROCEDURE

# **Guidelines for Writing Documentation**

All documentation must be:

- Legible and hand written by the person who suspected and reported the suspected abuse (never to be typed on a computer);
- Written with a ball point pen, not a marker or felt tip, which might smudge/leak;
- Factual, based on your observations. Do not document your personal thoughts about how it might have happened or include second or third party information;
- Submitted as the original document. Do not re-write your documentation;
- Free of white-out, if you make a mistake, simply cross it out and initial any errors/changes;
- Complete with the name(s) and phone number(s) of the individual(s) you spoke with The Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development and/or RNC/RCPM Division;
- Complete with any directions you were given by a The Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development and/or RNC/RCMP Division;
- Signed, dated, and placed in a sealed envelope;
- Write the child's name and CONFIDENTIAL on the front of the envelope, the General Manager (lead designate) will sign his/her name to the back seal;
- The General Manager (lead designate) will put the envelope in a locked, fire proof cabinet, separate from the children's files.

Written documentation should include the following information:

- Child's name and address;
- Observation date and time;
- Description of the full incident(s), and/or situation(s) of suspected abuse (FACTS ONLY). Ensure to include dates, times, behaviours, specific words and interactions between the individuals involved;
- Description of the physical condition of the child, including any injuries or signs of illness.
- Description of the emotional condition of the child, including any behavioural concerns, as well as the child's response upon disclosure (if applicable). Are there any noticeable changes in the child's behaviour?
- If known, a description of any further risks of abuse to the child, including the access of the alleged abuser to the child;
- Describe fully the "action taken" on behalf of the child. Include all instructions and/or advice from The Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development or RNC /RCMP Official.

Documentation regarding an allegation is never to be given to anyone including Police or The Department of Children, Seniors, and Social Development unless a warrant or subpoena is provided.

**APPENDIX H** 



#### YMCA of Newfoundland and Labrador Participant CRC/VS Privacy Policy

#### Participant Statement (initial each statement)

I understand that, under the terms of the Criminal Record Check / Vulnerable Sector (CRC/VS) policy of the YMCA of Newfoundland and Labrador, I am required to provide a satisfactory CRC/VS. \_\_\_\_\_

I confirm that I have not been convicted of any offence under the Criminal Code of Canada for which I have **not** received a pardon, and that there are no outstanding charges against me under the Criminal Code of Canada and, specifically, there are no charges pending before the courts related to child / vulnerable person abuse, sexual abuse, assault or similar serious criminal acts.

I understand that I may commence participation with the YMCA of Newfoundland and Labrador on the agreed upon date, but that in the event an unsatisfactory CRC/VS is issued, my participation position may be terminated immediately. \_\_\_\_\_

I understand that should the program require acts of service involving anyone who may be considered to be a vulnerable person, this interaction will be supervised. \_\_\_\_

I understand that I am to keep confidential all personal or identifying information to which I may have access or become aware of. \_\_\_\_\_

I understand that I am not to collect any personal information from individuals without being expressly authorized by the Program Coordinator/Supervisor in advance to do so. \_\_\_\_\_

I understand that I am to delete and destroy any such records or relinquish to my Program Coordinator/Supervisor all control of any such records, immediately upon completion of my program.

Name

Signature

Date

#### Program Coordination/Supervisor Statement (initial each statement)

I understand that, under the terms of the CRC/VS policy of the YMCA of Newfoundland and Labrador, all employees are required to provide a satisfactory CRC/VS check and that I am responsible to ensure this policy is adhered to according to the terms and conditions noted above. \_\_\_\_\_

Name

Signature

Date